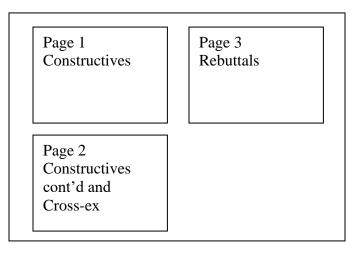
## Flow Chart<sup>1</sup> of the Final Round: Connecticut Debate Association, Pomperaug High School, January 11, 2020

## Resolved: The US should not target and kill foreign government officials.

The Final Round was between the Simsbury team of Harry VanDyke and Jack Pitblado on the Affirmative and the Amity team of Jack Tajmajer and Robert Farbman on the Negative. The debate was won by the Negative.

## **Format Key**

It's hard to reproduce notes taken on an 11" by 14" artist pad on printed paper. The three pages below are an attempt to do so. The first page covers the constructive speeches, the second page covers the cross-ex, and the third page covers the rebuttal. The pages are intended to be arranged as follows, which is how my actual flow chart is arranged:



Note that the first page containing the constructive speeches always has arguments related to the Affirmative contentions at the top, and those relating to the Negative contentions at the bottom. This is not how the speeches may have been presented, in that often a speaker will deal with Negative arguments prior to the Affirmative. The "transcript" version of my notes lists the arguments in each speech as presented.

The chart uses "A1," "N2," etc. to refer to the Affirmative first contention, the Negative second contention and so forth. Other abbreviations may be introduced in parentheses after frequent terms, for example, "United Nations (UN)"

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First Affirmative Constructive First Negative		First Negative Constructive	gative Constructive Second Affirmative Constructive	
First 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	<ul> <li>t Affirmative Constructive</li> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Statement of the Resolution</li> <li>Definitions <ul> <li>a) "targeted killing" is assassination or toppling of governments</li> <li>b) "governments" are those recognized by the UN</li> <li>c) "officials" are those elected or appointed</li> <li>A1<sup>2</sup>: Banning targeted killing holds US leaders accountable</li> <li>a) Avoids excessive use of power <ul> <li>i) E.g., killing of Qassem Suleimani led to increased tension with Iran and missile strikes</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Currently the executive has too much power to use force</li> <li>A2: Targeted killing creates instability</li> <li>a) Killing officials creates a power vacuum</li> <li>b) This increases terrorism and opposition <ul> <li>i) E.g., Iraq protests, gov't vote to ask us to leave</li> <li>ii) E.g., US sending in more troops</li> </ul> </li> <li>A3: US is not the "world police" <ul> <li>a) US does not have the right to take these actions</li> <li>b) It's an abuse of military power</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>First Negative Constructive</li> <li>1) Intro</li> <li>2) Resolution</li> <li>3) Negative accepts the definitions</li> <li>4) A1: Aff provides no means of enforcement <ul> <li>a) Presidents have ignored laws and avoided Congress in the past</li> </ul> </li> <li>5) A2: Aff harms are non-unique <ul> <li>a) The US has caused instability and opposition in other ways</li> <li>b) E.g., invasion of Iraq</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Second Affirmative Constructive         <ol> <li>Intro</li> <li>Resolution</li> <li>A1: US should put this weapon aside                 <ul></ul></li></ol></li></ol>	<ol> <li>Second Negative Constructive</li> <li>We believe the 2<sup>nd</sup> Affirmative has conceded our case!         <ul> <li>a) They agree assassination can be a useful tool in some cases</li> <li>b) They just want to put it under the control of the international community.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The evidence we cited from the packet comes from articles that appeared in The Guardian and The New York Times         <ul> <li>a) Aff hasn't cited articles or page numbers either</li> <li>A1: Accountability will not increase</li> <li>a) President's will continue to overreach and impeachment has never been successful</li> </ul> </li> <li>A2: Iran's response to our actions has been measured         <ul> <li>a) No real negative consequences to Qassem Suleimani</li> <li>b) Instability is not a harm unique to targeted killing</li> <li>c) We are already at war in Iraq</li> <li>A3: Expecting the UN to act is a false hope a) US national security and international security were threatened by Qassem Suleimani</li> <li>b) As hegemon we can't avoid responsibility</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	c) US shouldn't act alone: we need allies	<ol> <li>N1: Targeted killing is necessary to fight terrorism         <ol> <li>Qassem Suleimani was responsible for over 600 US deaths, causing instability</li> <li>Killing fought terrorism; quick, non- invasion</li> </ol> </li> <li>N2: Targeted killing is needed for deterrence         <ol> <li>US must be able to back up threats</li> <li>E.g., during the cold war nuclear weapons and threat of destruction kept peace with USSR</li> <li>Organizations like the UN exist due to US pressure</li> <li>N3: Targeted killing is a necessary policy option                 <ol> <li>E.g., similar to nuclear weapons</li> <li>Provides an option useful in limited situations</li> <li>Geneva Convention permits retaliation</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>N1: Qassem Suleimani is the only example given by Neg         <ul> <li>Attacks on ISIS and others were not on government officials</li> <li>Qassem Suelimani intelligence may not be accurate or reliable                 <ul> <li>E.g., invasion of Iraq, Pentagon Papers re Vietnam war</li> <li>Iraq instability caused by US actions, led to Iran hostility</li> <li>N2: Nukes are not a good analogy for assassination</li></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	for policing the world 1) N1: Aff doesn't dispute that Qassem Suleimani was a terrorist a) This example proves the Neg case b) We are retaliating for terrorist acts

<sup>2</sup> "A1" indicates the Affirmative first contention, "N2" the Negative second contention and so forth.
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Cro	oss-ex of First Affirmative	Cross-ex of First Negative	Cros	ss-ex of Second Affirmative	Cros	ss-ex of Second Negative
1)	Is targeted killing ever justified? Against	1) What was N3? Targeted killing is a valid	1)	What about Hitler during WWII? US had allies	1)	Didn't the missiles cause casualties? None
	terrorists, yes.	option	2)	Doesn't assassination have the potential to kill		were reported
2)	Doesn't this conflict with A3? Attack on	<ol><li>Against Qassem Suleimani? Yes</li></ol>		our enemies? Yes	2)	Non-American casualties? None
	Osama bin Laden was okay	3) What is the source of the "600 deaths"? I don't	3)	Did it destroy Iran? No. We removed their	3)	What was the source used by the NYT and the
3)	With respect to A1, can't the President just	know		leader and it eventually led to instability and		Guardian? Don't know
	override Congress? Executive must consult	4) Is it reliable? Yes, it's in the packet		hostility to the US	4)	What source used by the US? Don't know
4)	How do you punish a President? Details are	5) How can we trust US intelligence? You can't	4)	Wasn't that 40 years ago? Yes	5)	Are you aware of Judith Miller? No
	not Aff problem	regard all US intelligence past and future to be	5)	Didn't killing Qassem Suleimani harm Iran?	6)	She reported on Iraq War only to find
5)	Then how can you hold the President	incorrect		He's not the only leader		intelligence was incorrect? By the standard
	accountable? We would simply forbid this	6) How can you compare nukes and "mutually	6)	A senior government official? Yes, but look at		you are trying to propose, no intelligence would
	action	assured destruction" to assassination? The		the result		be valid
6)	You'd remove the President from office? This	concept of deterrence is the same	7)	Can't the US cause the same instability without	7)	Killing Qassem Suleimani was an appropriate
	isn't about impeachment	<ol><li>Why not let the UN decide? No solvency</li></ol>		using assassination? Then we'd be engaged in		response? Yes
7)	Are you against all war? No, there are just			a war	8)	To an assassination by Iran? A US contractor
	wars					was killed
					9)	Wasn't Qassem Suleimani revered in Iran? We
						didn't say that
					10)	Would it be okay for Iran to kill a US general
						in retaliation? No

First Negative Rebuttal	First Affirmative Rebuttal	Second Negative Rebuttal	Second Affirmative Rebuttal	
<ol> <li>Source of evidence that Qassem Suleimani</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Resolution requires us to ban assassination by</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Coalition?         <ul> <li>Any coalition would likely have US involvement and probably US leadership</li> <li>The Aff "plan" violates the resolution</li> </ul> </li> <li>Credibility?         <ul> <li>a) Not all intelligence is wrong all the time</li> <li>Morality?</li> <li>a) Aff is defending terrorism</li> <li>The US has a moral obligation to the safety and security of US citizens</li> </ul> </li> <li>Deterrence?         <ul> <li>a) This point has been ignored by Aff</li> <li>Knowing assassination is possible is useful to support diplomacy and military operations</li> <li>c) Neg is not in favor of any assassination, but there are situations where it is necessary and useful</li> <li>d) Aff provides no deterrence, and has no means of limiting Executive Power</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Aff has been arguing for a coalition approach</li></ol>	
supported terrorism? <ul> <li>a) Not all intelligence is unreliable</li> <li>b) Exact number of killings doesn't matter,</li></ul>	the US <ul> <li>Aff is in favor of giving control to an</li></ul>		all night <ul> <li>This was not a new plan</li> <li>Neg arguments are straw men</li> <li>Hitler is an example</li> </ul> <li>There is no moral excuse for the US to be a</li>	
it's likely there were some <li>c) Not all news reports are unreliable</li> <li>Example of killing Hitler?         <ul> <li>a) We're not arguing over whether it would</li></ul></li>	international coalition <li>US cannot be trusted</li> <li>US intelligence can't be trusted</li> <li>It's not about news sources</li> <li>Examples include the Spanish-American</li>		police force <ul> <li>a) High GDP and a strong military do not</li></ul>	
have been a good move, but whether it	War, Vietnam/Gulf of Tonkin		justify these actions. <li>The reliability of US intelligence speaks for</li>	
should have been allowed. <li>Aff side limits our ability to respond to</li>	Resolution/Pentagon Papers, Iraq War <li>War on Hitler was by a coalition         <ul> <li>Reasons for Qassem Suleimani attack</li></ul></li>		itself <li>Mutually Assured Destruction?         <ul> <li>a) This is not the same as nuclear weapons</li> <li>b) Iraq demonstrates the flaws in this policy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reciprocity?         <ul> <li>a) More US soldiers were targeted after</li></ul></li>	
terrorism	needed corroboration		Qassem Suleimani	